SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier WOOD PRODUCTS (PMDI BONDED)

Product list Temstock Free, Temstock Free MR, Temstock MR,

UltraStock MDF produced with pMDI resin Shelving, UltraStock Free, UltraStock Free MR,

Ultrastock HD

DryGuard® OSB Sturd-I-Floor, DryMax®, Web stock, FiberStrong® Rim Board

FiberStrong HD ™ (Mill#s 531, 532, 530, 475), Blue Ribbon® (Mill#s 531, 532, 530, 475),

Camouflage Panel Featuring Mossy Oak ® (Mill#s 531, 475),

Realtree Camouflage Panel ® (Mill#s 531, 475), Thermostat® OSB Radiant Barrier Roof Sheathing

(Mill# 531, 475)

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™ is a Trademark owned by or licensed to Georgia-Pacific Wood Products LLC

Other means of identification

SDS number GP-34A

Recommended use Building Materials - Decorative

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name Georgia-Pacific Wood Products LLC

Address 133 Peachtree Street, NE

Atlanta, GA 30303

Telephone Technical Information 800.284.5347

MSDS Request 404.652.5119

E-mail Not available.

Emergency phone number Chemtrec - Emergency 800.424.9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Emergency overview This product is not hazardous in the form in which it is shipped by the manufacturer but may

become hazardous by downstream activities (e.g., grinding, sanding, cutting, pulverizing) that

reduce its particle size. Those hazards are described below.

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B

Sensitization, respiratory

Sensitization, skin

Category 1

Carcinogenicity

Category 1A

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1 (respiratory system)

exposure

Environmental hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Combustible dust

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Material name: WOOD PRODUCTS (PMDI BONDED) 5281 Version #: 01 Issue date: May-21-2015

Hazard statement Causes eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms

or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause cancer. If small particles of wood dust are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective

gloves. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing dust. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation and airborne dispersion of dust to minimize

flash fire and explosion hazard.

Response If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a doctor or other qualified medical

professional. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage Store away from strong acids, alkalies, oxidizing agents and drying oils.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|--|--------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| WOOD/WOOD DUST | | Not Assigned | 60 - 100 |
| METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI) | | 101-68-8 | 1 - 5 |
| POLYMERIC MDI (pMDI) | | 9016-87-9 | 1 - 5 |
| 2,4'-DIPHENYL METHANE DIISOCYANATE | | 5873-54-1 | 0.1 - 1 |
| Other components below reportable levels | s | | 0.5 - 1.5 |

The specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove from area of exposure. If the affected person is not breathing, apply artificial respiration. If

persistent irritation, severe coughing or breathing difficulty occurs, seek medical attention.

Skin contact If irritation develops, wash with soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation

develops and persists.

Ingestion If wood or wood dust is swallowed, get immediate medical attention or advice -- Do not induce

vomiting.

VOITIILIII

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Most important

Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. May cause respiratory irritation. Difficulty in breathing.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Apply extinguishing media

carefully to avoid creating airborne dust.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Heavy water (or jet) stream may cause dust to become airborne and create a flash fire hazard or an explosive atmosphere.

Explosion hazard: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions
Specific methods

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

To avoid dust clouds, responders should use the extinguisher from as far away as possible and apply the extinguishing agent as gently as possible. The main considerations with hose stream operation are to avoid creating combustible dust clouds or introducing more air. In particular, the use of solid streams and direct dust pile hits can disperse dust into the air creating a potential flash fire hazard. The best way to apply water is in a medium to wide-pattern, as gently as possible. Responders should use a low nozzle pressure and loft the stream onto the burning material from as far away as the stream will reach. The use of wide-pattern (or "fog") streams at pressures typically used.

General fire hazards

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Use only non-sparking tools. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Vacuum dust with dust ignition proof vacuum or wet sweep small wood pieces and dust; place in appropriate container for disposal. Gather larger pieces by an appropriate method. Reduce airborne dust by use of wet methods (e.g. water mist) and prevent scattering by moistening with water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Dust can form an explosive mixture in air. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery and at places where dust can be generated. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid significant deposits of material, especially on horizontal surfaces, which may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds and may contribute to secondary explosions. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. If flash fire or explosion hazard is present, wear flame resistant clothing and face/head protection. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure dust collection systems used for conveying combustible wood dusts are protected with and equipped with fire and explosion prevention and protection equipment. See NFPA 664 and NFPA 69 for further requirements, information and quidance.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store flat, supported and protected from direct contact with the ground. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Store in a cool dry place.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|---|---------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI) (CAS 101-68-8) | Ceiling | 0.2 mg/m3 | |
| WOOD/WOOD DUST | PEL | 0.02 ppm 5 mg/m3 15 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. Total dust. |

| ACGIH Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|---|---------------|---|---------------------|
| WOOD/WOOD DUST | TWA | 1 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction. |
| US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values | ; | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI) (CAS 101-68-8) | TWA | 0.005 ppm | |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem | nical Hazards | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
| METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI) (CAS | Ceiling | 0.2 mg/m3 | |
| 101-68-8) | | | |
| 101-68-8) | | 0.02 ppm | |
| 101-68-8) | TWA | 0.02 ppm 0.05 mg/m3 | |
| 101-68-8) | TWA | • | |

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure auidelines

Georgia-Pacific Wood Products LLC voluntarily elects to adhere to exposure limits contained in OSHA's 1989 Air Contaminants Standard although certain limits were vacated in 1992. The present OSHA exposure limits governing wood dust is 15 mg/m3 (Total Dust) and 5 mg/m3 (Respirable Fraction).

Appropriate engineering

controls

Due to the fire and explosive potential of dust when suspended in air, precautions should be taken when material is used in any operation which may generate dust. Local exhaust, general dilution ventilation in enclosed areas, and explosion proof equipment is recommended. Use wet methods, if appropriate, to reduce airborne dust concentrations.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses or goggles are recommended when using this product. Ensure compliance with OSHA's PPE standard (29 CFR 1910.132 and .133) for eye and face protection.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Other

Impervious protective clothing and gloves recommended to prevent drying or irritation of skin. Ensure compliance with OSHA's PPE standards (29 CFR 1910.132 (general) and 138 (hand protection)). Safety shower/eye wash fountain is recommended in the workplace area (29 CFR 1910.151 (c)).

Respiratory protection

A NIOSH approved dust mask or filtering facepiece is recommended in poorly ventilated areas or when permissible exposure limits may be exceeded. Respirators should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134) and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing (i.e. flame resistant clothing and head/face protection), when potential flash fire or explosion hazards are present.

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Rigid boards or panels

Physical state Solid.
Form Solid wood
Color Various

Odor Not available.

Odor threshold Not available.

PH Not applicable

Melting point/freezing point Not applicable

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Not available.

Flash point Not applicable **Evaporation rate** Not applicable

Not available. Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

40 g/cm3 for wood dust (Note: The LEL is guivalent to the Minimum Explosive Concentration

(MEC) for the combustible dust. The MEC will vary with particle size of the wood dust. Recommend MEC testing for specific wood dust particle sizes generated or handled.)

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%) Not applicable

Vapor pressure Vapor density Not applicable Not available. Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Insoluble Partition coefficient Not applicable

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 399.92 - 500 °F (204.4 - 260 °C) for wood

Decomposition temperature Not available Not available. **Viscosity**

Other information

Bulk density Not applicable

Dust explosion properties

St class

Combustible Flash point class Variable Specific gravity

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Dust accumulation, dispersion of dust in air, high temperatures, open flame, sparks, or other

sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials Strong acids, alkalies, oxidizing agents and drying oils.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Thermal decomposition may emit irritating fumes or gases of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide,

aldehydes, or organic acids.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Inhalation of dusts may cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if dust inhaled. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes eye irritation.

Ingestion Not applicable under normal conditions of use. May result in obstruction or temporary irritation of

the digestive tract.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. May cause respiratory irritation. Difficulty in

breathing.

Information on toxicological effects

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation. Acute toxicity

Product Species Test Results

WOOD PRODUCTS (PMDI BONDED)

Acute Inhalation

LC50 Rat 12 mg/l, 4 Hours estimated

Components Species Test Results

METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI) (CAS 101-68-8)

Acute Inhalation

LC50 Rat 0.369 mg/l, 4 Hours

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Wood dust generated from sawing, sanding or machining this product may cause nasal dryness,

irritation, coughing and sinusitis. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), and National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies wood dust as a carcinogen. This classification is based on the increased occurrence of adenocarcinomas of the nasal cavities and paranasal sinuses associated with exposure to wood dust. The evaluation noted insufficient evidence to associate cancers of the oropharynx, hypopharynx, lung, lymphatic and hematopoietic systems,

stomach, colon, or rectum with exposure to wood dust.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI) (CAS 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

101-68-8)

POLYMERIC MDI (pMDI) (CAS 9016-87-9)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

WOOD/WOOD DUST (CAS Not Assigned) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

WOOD/WOOD DUST (CAS Not Assigned) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

EcotoxicityThe product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the

possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsUnder RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal,

whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

products

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to

Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

TSCA Chemical Action Plans, Chemicals of Concern

2,4'-DIPHENYL METHANE DIISOCYANATE (CAS

5873-54-1)

METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI) (CAS

101-68-8)

POLYMERIC MDI (pMDI) (CAS 9016-87-9)

Methylene Diphenyl Diisocyanate (MDI) And Related Compounds

Action Plan [RIN 2070-ZA15]

Empty packaging/container can be disposed in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Methylene Diphenyl Diisocyanate (MDI) And Related Compounds

Action Plan [RIN 2070-ZA15]

Methylene Diphenyl Diisocyanate (MDI) And Related Compounds

Action Plan [RIN 2070-ZA15]

Listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI) (CAS

101-68-8)

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

| Chemical name | CAS number | % by wt. | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|----------|--|
| METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI) | 101-68-8 | 1 - 5 | |
| POLYMERIC MDI (pMDI) | 9016-87-9 | 1 - 5 | |

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI) (CAS 101-68-8)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Material name: WOOD PRODUCTS (PMDI BONDED) 5281 Version #: 01 Issue date: May-21-2015

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

2,4'-DIPHENYL METHANE DIISOCYANATE (CAS 5873-54-1) METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI) (CAS 101-68-8)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI) (CAS 101-68-8)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI) (CAS 101-68-8)

POLYMERIC MDI (pMDI) (CAS 9016-87-9) WOOD/WOOD DUST (CAS Not Assigned)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI) (CAS 101-68-8)

WOOD/WOOD DUST (CAS Not Assigned)

US. Rhode Island RTK

METHYLENE BISPHENOL ISOCYANATE (MDI) (CAS 101-68-8)

POLYMERIC MDI (pMDI) (CAS 9016-87-9)

US. California Proposition 65

California Proposition 65. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer. Drilling, sawing, sanding or machining wood products generates wood dust and titanium dioxide particles, both chemicals are known to the state of California to cause cancer. Avoid inhaling such dust and particles; use a dust mask or other safeguards for personal protection.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

WOOD/WOOD DUST (CAS Not Assigned) Listed: December 18, 2009

International Inventories

Country(s) or regionInventory nameOn inventory (yes/no)*CanadaDomestic Substances List (DSL)YesUnited States & Puerto RicoToxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) InventoryYes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date May-21-2015

Version # 01

Further information Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the

Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.

HMIS® ratings Health: 2*

Flammability: 1 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 2

Flammability: 1 Instability: 0

Disclaimer

This SDS is intended to quickly provide useful information to the user(s) of this material or product. It is not intended to serve as a comprehensive discussion of all possible risks or hazards, and it assumes a reasonable use of the product. The information contained in this SDS is believed to be accurate as of the date of preparation of this SDS and has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable. It is offered for your consideration, investigation and verification. The user or handler (or their employer) should consider the specific conditions in which this material will be used, handled, or stored and determine what specific safety or other precautions are required. Employers should ensure that their employees, agents, contractors, and customers who will use the product receive adequate warnings and safe handling procedures, including a current SDS. Product users or handlers (or their employer) who are unsure of what specific precautions are required should consult their employer, product supplier, or safety or health professionals before handling or working with this product. Please notify us immediately if you believe this SDS or other safety and health information about this product is inaccurate or incomplete.

WOOD PRODUCTS (PMDI BONDED)

Hazard statement

Causes eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause cancer. If small particles of wood dust are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing dust. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation and airborne dispersion of dust to minimize flash fire and explosion hazard.

Response

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a doctor or other qualified medical professional. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage

Store away from strong acids, alkalies, oxidizing agents and drying oils.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.



Product list:

Temstock Free, Temstock Free MR, Temstock MR,

UltraStock MDF produced with pMDI resin Shelving, UltraStock Free, UltraStock Free MR, Ultrastock HD

DryGuard® OSB Sturd-I-Floor, DryMax®, Web stock, FiberStrong® Rim Board

FiberStrong HD [™] (Mill#s 531, 532, 530, 475), Blue Ribbon[®] (Mill#s 531, 532, 530, 475), Camouflage Panel Featuring Mossy Oak [®] (Mill#s 531, 475), Realtree Camouflage Panel [®] (Mill#s 531, 475), Thermostat[®] OSB Radiant Barrier Roof Sheathing (Mill# 531, 475)



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